UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

TAWANA HARRIS POWELL,

Plaintiff,

-against-

ARCHCARE AT MARY MANNING WALSH NURSING HOME,

Defendant.

23-CV-1799 (LTS) ORDER TO AMEND

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN, Chief United States District Judge:

Plaintiff, who is proceeding *pro se*, brings this action under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 ("Title VII"), 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e to 2000e-17; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 ("ADEA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 621-634; and the New York City Human Rights Law, N.Y.C. Admin. Code §§ 8-101 to 131. She alleges that she was subjected to "harassment while in the workplace" because of her national origin and age. (ECF 5, at 5.)

By order dated March 2, 2023, the Court granted Plaintiff's request to proceed *in forma* pauperis ("IFP"), that is, without prepayment of fees. For the reasons set forth below, the Court grants Plaintiff leave to file a second amended complaint within 60 days of the date of this order. ¹

STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Court must dismiss an IFP complaint, or any portion of the complaint, that is frivolous or malicious, fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B); see Livingston v. Adirondack Beverage Co., 141 F.3d 434, 437 (2d Cir. 1998). The Court must also

¹ On March 27, 2023, Plaintiff filed an amended complaint.

dismiss a complaint when the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction of the claims raised. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3).

While the law mandates dismissal on any of these grounds, the Court is obliged to construe *pro se* pleadings liberally, *Harris v. Mills*, 572 F.3d 66, 72 (2d Cir. 2009), and interpret them to raise the "strongest [claims] that they *suggest*," *Triestman v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons*, 470 F.3d 471, 474 (2d Cir. 2006) (internal quotation marks and citations omitted) (emphasis in original). But the "special solicitude" in *pro se* cases, *id.* at 475 (citation omitted), has its limits – to state a claim, *pro se* pleadings still must comply with Rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which requires a complaint to make a short and plain statement showing that the pleader is entitled to relief.

Rule 8 requires a complaint to include enough facts to state a claim for relief "that is plausible on its face." *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007). A claim is facially plausible if the plaintiff pleads enough factual detail to allow the Court to draw the inference that the defendant is liable for the alleged misconduct. In reviewing the complaint, the Court must accept all well-pleaded factual allegations as true. *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678-79 (2009). But it does not have to accept as true "[t]hreadbare recitals of the elements of a cause of action," which are essentially just legal conclusions. *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 555. After separating legal conclusions from well-pleaded factual allegations, the Court must determine whether those facts make it plausible – not merely possible – that the pleader is entitled to relief. *Id*.

BACKGROUND

Plaintiff, using the Court's Employment Discrimination Complaint form, brings this action against her employer, Archeare at Mary Manning Walsh Nursing Home. Plaintiff checks boxes on the form complaint indicating that she brings claims under Title VII and the ADEA for discrimination on the basis of her national origin and age, identifying herself as an American

born in 1982. Plaintiff claims that Adanna Simon, a co-worker and nurse who sometimes acted as a supervisor at the nursing home, bullied and harassed her while she was at work.

The following information is taken from the amended complaint and attached documents. Plaintiff asserts that "[a] person is guilty of harassment in the second degree when, with intent to annoy or alarm another person," commits certain acts. (ECF5, at 7.)² She describes a series of incidents that allegedly took place at the nursing home involving Simon. The first incident occurred on December 22, 2022, when Simon, who was blocked from Plaintiff's personal cellphone, called that cellphone while Plaintiff was at work. Days later, on January 3, 2023, Simon yelled and cursed at Plaintiff, to answer the "call bells" in the nursing home's hallways. (*Id.* at 11.) A few weeks later, on January 19, 2023, when Plaintiff walked by the nursing station, Simon made an offensive comment, stating "I don't believe someone who is skinney and has nothing (body shaming) has a man." (*Id.* at 7.) On February 2, 2023, Simon called security on Plaintiff after she failed to respond to the call bells while providing a patient with care. Plaintiff reported the alleged harassment to the Human Resource Department, and on February 10, 2023, she met with Human Resources. On February 14, 2023, however, Simon called the police on Plaintiff after she arrived at the nursing home.

Plaintiff asserts that Simon's actions caused her anxiety and she "became depressed" and did not want to go to work. (*Id.* at 8.) She brings this action seeking money damages.

Plaintiff attaches to the amended complaint a Notice of Right to Sue issued by the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission on February 23, 2023. She filed this action on March 27, 2023.

² The Court quotes from the amended complaint verbatim. Unless otherwise indicated, all grammar, spelling, punctuation, and emphasis are as in the original.

DISCUSSION

A. Claims under Title VII and the ADEA

Title VII provides that "[i]t shall be an unlawful employment practice for an employer . . . to fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex or national origin." 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2(a). Title VII also prohibits an employer from retaliating against an employee who has opposed any practice made unlawful by those statutes, or who has made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or litigation under the statutes. 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-3(a).

The ADEA makes it unlawful for an employer to "discharge any individual or otherwise discriminate against any individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's age." 29 U.S.C. § 623(a). It also makes it unlawful to retaliate against employees who oppose discriminatory practices barred by the ADEA. *Id.* § 623(d). The statute protects workers who are at least forty years old from discrimination because of their age. *See* 29 U.S.C. § 631(a) (The prohibitions in this chapter shall be limited to individuals who are at least 40 years of age."); *Feldman v. Nassau Cnty.*, 434 F.3d 177, 180 (2d Cir. 2006).

These antidiscrimination provisions prohibit employers from mistreating an individual because of the individual's protected characteristics, *Patane v. Clark*, 508 F.3d 106, 112 (2d Cir. 2007), or retaliating against an employee who has opposed any practice made unlawful by those statutes, *see Crawford v. Metro. Gov't*, 555 U.S. 271, 276 (2009) (holding that conduct is protected when it "confront[s]," "resist[s]," or "withstand[s]" unlawful actions). Mistreatment at work that occurs for a reason other than an employee's protected characteristic or opposition to

unlawful conduct is not actionable under these federal antidiscrimination statutes. *See Chukwuka* v. *City of New York*, 513 F. App'x 34, 36 (2d Cir. 2013) (quoting *Brown v. Henderson*, 257 F.3d 246, 252 (2d Cir. 2001)).

At the pleading stage in a Title VII employment discrimination action, "a plaintiff must plausibly allege that (1) the employer took adverse employment action against [her], and (2) [her] race, color, religion, sex, or national origin was a motivating factor in the employment decision." *Vega v. Hempstead Union Free Sch. Dist.*, 801 F.3d 72, 86 (2d Cir. 2015). The plaintiff "may do so by alleging facts that directly show discrimination or facts that indirectly show discrimination by giving rise to a plausible inference of discrimination." *Id.* at 87. Similar allegations are required to plead a cause of action under the ADEA, and a plaintiff must allege that her age was the but-for cause of the employer's adverse employment action. *See Vega*, 801 F.3d at 86 (quoting *Gross v. FBL Fins. Servs., Inc.*, 557 U.S. 167, 177 (2009)).

Plaintiff's allegations are insufficient to state a claim for discrimination and retaliation under Title VII or the ADEA. Although she asserts that Adanna Simon, her co-worker who sometimes acted as a supervisor, bullied and harassed her, she does not allege facts suggesting that her American nationality or age played any role in Simon's alleged harassment of her. Without such facts, Plaintiff's assertions of discrimination are not sufficient to "to nudge[] [her] claims . . . across the line from conceivable to plausible to proceed." *EEOC v. Port Authority of N.Y & N.J.*, 768 F.3d 247, 254 (2d Cir. 2014) (citation and internal quotation marks omitted).

B. Leave to Amend

Plaintiff proceeds in this matter without the benefit of an attorney. District courts generally should grant a self-represented plaintiff an opportunity to amend a complaint to cure its defects, unless amendment would be futile. *See Hill v. Curcione*, 657 F.3d 116, 123-24 (2d Cir. 2011); *Salahuddin v. Cuomo*, 861 F.2d 40, 42 (2d Cir. 1988). Indeed, the Second Circuit has

cautioned that district courts "should not dismiss [a *pro se* complaint] without granting leave to amend at least once when a liberal reading of the complaint gives any indication that a valid claim might be stated." *Cuoco v. Moritsugu*, 222 F.3d 99, 112 (2d Cir. 2000) (quoting *Gomez v. USAA Fed. Sav. Bank*, 171 F.3d 794, 795 (2d Cir. 1999)). Because Plaintiff may be able to allege additional facts to state valid claims under Title VII and the ADEA, the Court grants Plaintiff 60 days' leave to amend her complaint for a second time to detail her claims against her employer.

Plaintiff is granted leave to submit a second amended complaint to provide more facts about her claims. In the "Statement of Claim" section of the second amended complaint form, Plaintiff must provide a short and plain statement of the relevant facts supporting each claim against each defendant. If Plaintiff has an address for any named defendant, Plaintiff must provide it. Plaintiff should include all of the information in the second amended complaint that Plaintiff wants the Court to consider in deciding whether the second amended complaint states a claim for relief. That information should include:

- a) the names and titles of all relevant people;
- b) a description of all relevant events, including what each defendant did or failed to do, the approximate date and time of each event, and the general location where each event occurred;
- c) a description of the injuries Plaintiff suffered; and
- d) the relief Plaintiff seeks, such as money damages, injunctive relief, or declaratory relief.

Essentially, Plaintiff's second amended complaint should tell the Court: who violated her federally protected rights and how; when and where such violations occurred; and why Plaintiff is entitled to relief.

Because Plaintiff's second amended complaint will completely replace, not supplement, the amended complaint, any facts or claims that Plaintiff wants to include from the amended complaint must be repeated in the second amended complaint.

C. New York Legal Assistance Group

Plaintiff may consider contacting the New York Legal Assistance Group's ("NYLAG")

Clinic for Pro Se Litigants in the Southern District of New York, which is a free legal clinic staffed by attorneys and paralegals to assist those who are representing themselves in civil lawsuits in this court. The clinic is run by a private organization; it is not part of, or run by, the court. It cannot accept filings on behalf of the court, which must still be made by any *pro se* party through the Pro Se Intake Unit. A copy of the flyer with details of the clinic is attached to this order.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff is granted leave to file a second amended complaint that complies with the standards set forth above. Plaintiff must submit the second amended complaint to this Court's Pro Se Intake Unit within sixty days of the date of this order, caption the document as a "Second Amended Complaint," and label the document with docket number 23-CV-1799 (LTS). A Second Amended Complaint for Employment Discrimination form is attached to this order. No summons will issue at this time. If Plaintiff fails to comply within the time allowed, and she cannot show good cause to excuse such failure, this action will be dismissed for failure to state a claim.

The Court certifies under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith, and therefore IFP status is denied for the purpose of an appeal. *Cf.*

Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962) (holding that an appellant demonstrates good faith when he seeks review of a nonfrivolous issue).

SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 30, 2023

New York, New York

/s/ Laura Taylor Swain

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN Chief United States District Judge



Since 1990, NYLAG has provided free civil legal services to New Yorkers who cannot afford private attorneys.

Free Legal Assistance for Self-Represented Civil Litigants in Federal District Court for the Southern District Of New York

The NYLAG Legal Clinic for Pro Se Litigants in the Southern District of New York is a free legal clinic staffed by attorneys, law students and paralegals to assist those who are representing themselves or planning to represent themselves in civil lawsuits in the Southern District of New York. The clinic does not provide full representation. The clinic, which is not part of or run by the court, assists litigants with federal civil cases including cases involving civil rights, employment discrimination, labor law, social security benefits, foreclosure and tax.

To Contact the Clinic:

Call (212) 659-6190 or complete our online intake form (found here: https://tinyurl.com/NYLAG-ProSe-OI). A staff member will contact you within a few business days.

Those looking for assistance can also contact the clinic at the kiosk located across the hall from the pro se clinic office in the courthouse.

At this time, the clinic offers remote consultations only. Requests for inperson appointments will be reviewed on a case-to-case basis.

Location and Hours:

Thurgood Marshall United States Courthouse

Room LL22 40 Foley Square New York, NY 10007 (212) 659 6190

Open weekdays 10 a.m. – 4 p.m. Closed on federal and court holidays

Disclaimer: The information contained herein is for informational purposes only and is not legal advice or a substitute for legal counsel, nor does it constitute advertising or a solicitation.



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Write the full name of each plaintiff.	CV	
	(Include case nun assigned)	nber if one has been
-against-	Do you wan	t a jury trial?
	☐ Yes	□ No
Write the full name of each defendant. The names listed above must be identical to those contained in Section I.		

SECOND AMENDED EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT

NOTICE

The public can access electronic court files. For privacy and security reasons, papers filed with the court should therefore *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2.

I. PARTIES

A. Plaintiff Information

Provide the follo pages if needed.	= :	laintiff named in the	e complaint. Attach additional	
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name		
Street Address				
County, City		State	Zip Code	
Telephone Number		Email Address (if av	vailable)	
B. Defendant	Information			
correct informat defendant. Make caption. (Proper	e sure that the defendants li	delay or prevent sent sted below are the s nent discrimination s	rvice of the complaint on the same as those listed in the statutes are usually employers,	
	Name			
	Address where defendant may be served			
	County, City	State	Zip Code	
Defendant 2:				
	Name			
	Address where defendant may be served			
	County, City	State	Zip Code	

Defendant 3:			
	Name		
	Address where defendant may be served		
	County, City	State	Zip Code
II. PLACE	OF EMPLOYMEN	1T	
The address at	t which I was emplo	oyed or sought employr	nent by the defendant(s) is:
Name			
Address			
County, City		State	Zip Code
III. CAUSE	E OF ACTION		
A. Federal C	laims		
This employm that apply in yo		lawsuit is brought unde	er (check only the options below
	oyment discriminat		C. §§ 2000e to 2000e-17, for color, religion, sex, or national
	defendant discrimi y and explain):	inated against me becau	se of my (check only those that
	race:		
	color:		
	religion:		
	sex:		
	national origin:		

		42 U.S.C. § 1981, for intentional employment discrimination on the basis of race		
		My race is:		
		Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 , 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 to 634, for employment discrimination on the basis of age (40 or older)		
		I was born in the year:		
		Rehabilitation Act of 1973 , 29 U.S.C. §§ 701 to 796, for employment discrimination on the basis of a disability by an employer that constitutes a program or activity receiving federal financial assistance		
		My disability or perceived disability is:		
		Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 to 12213, for employment discrimination on the basis of a disability		
		My disability or perceived disability is:		
		Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 , 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 to 2654, for employment discrimination on the basis of leave for qualified medical or family reasons		
В.	Oth	er Claims		
In addition to my federal claims listed above, I assert claims under:				
		New York State Human Rights Law, N.Y. Exec. Law §§ 290 to 297, for employment discrimination on the basis of age, race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status		
		New York City Human Rights Law , N.Y. City Admin. Code §§ 8-101 to 131, for employment discrimination on the basis of actual or perceived age, race, creed, color, national origin, gender, disability, marital status, partnership status, sexual orientation, alienage, citizenship status		
		Other (may include other relevant federal, state, city, or county law):		

IV. STATEMENT OF CLAIM

A. Adverse Employment Action

agency.

		endant or defendants in this case took the following adverse employment against me (check only those that apply):	
[did not hire me	
[terminated my employment	
[did not promote me	
		did not accommodate my disability	
[provided me with terms and conditions of employment different from those of similar employees	
[retaliated against me	
[harassed me or created a hostile work environment	
[other (specify):	
В. Б	act	es s	
State here the facts that support your claim. Attach additional pages if needed. You should explain what actions defendants took (or failed to take) <i>because of</i> your protected characteristic, such as your race, disability, age, or religion. Include times and locations, if possible. State whether defendants are continuing to commit these acts against you.			
with t	he	onal support for your claim, you may attach any charge of discrimination that you filed U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the New York State Division of Pights, the New York City Commission on Human Rights, or any other government	

V. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

For most claims under the federal employment discrimination statutes, before filing a lawsuit, you must first file a charge with the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) and receive a Notice of Right to Sue.

-	u file a charge of discrimination against the defendant(s) with the EEOC or any government agency?
	Yes (Please attach a copy of the charge to this complaint.)
	When did you file your charge?
	No
Have y	ou received a Notice of Right to Sue from the EEOC?
	Yes (Please attach a copy of the Notice of Right to Sue.)
	What is the date on the Notice?
	When did you receive the Notice?
	No
VI.	RELIEF
The re	lief I want the court to order is (check only those that apply):
	direct the defendant to hire me
	direct the defendant to re-employ me
	direct the defendant to promote me
	direct the defendant to reasonably accommodate my religion
	direct the defendant to reasonably accommodate my disability
	direct the defendant to (specify) (if you believe you are entitled to money damages, explain that here)
=	
_	
_	

VII. PLAINTIFF'S CERTIFICATION

By signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that: (1) the complaint is not being presented for an improper purpose (such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation); (2) the claims are supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument to change existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

I agree to notify the Clerk's Office in writing of any changes to my mailing address. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

Each Plaintiff must sign and date the complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary. If seeking to proceed without prepayment of fees, each plaintiff must also submit an IFP application.

Dated		Pla	nintiff's Signature
First Name	Middle Initial	Las	t Name
Street Address			
County, City		State	Zip Code
Telephone Number		Em	aail Address (if available)
I have read the attached	d Pro Se (Nonprisone) Consent	to Receive Documents Electronically:
\square Yes \square No			
•	o receive documents e o not consent, please (lly, submit the completed form with your ach the form.



Pro Se (Nonprisoner) Consent to Receive Documents Electronically

Parties who are not represented by an attorney and are not currently incarcerated may choose to receive documents in their cases electronically (by e-mail) instead of by regular mail. Receiving documents by regular mail is still an option, but if you would rather receive them only electronically, you must do the following:

- 1. Sign up for a PACER login and password by contacting PACER¹ at www.pacer.uscourts.gov or 1-800-676-6856;
- 2. Complete and sign this form.

If you consent to receive documents electronically, you will receive a Notice of Electronic Filing by e-mail each time a document is filed in your case. After receiving the notice, you are permitted one "free look" at the document by clicking on the hyperlinked document number in the e-mail.² Once you click the hyperlink and access the document, you may not be able to access the document for free again. After 15 days, the hyperlink will no longer provide free access. Any time that the hyperlink is accessed after the first "free look" or the 15 days, you will be asked for a PACER login and may be charged to view the document. For this reason, you should print or save the document during the "free look" to avoid future charges.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Under Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Local Civil Rule 5.2, and the Court's Electronic Case Filing Rules & Instructions, documents may be served by electronic means. If you register for electronic service:

- 1. You will no longer receive documents in the mail;
- 2. If you do not view and download your documents during your "free look" and within 15 days of when the court sends the e-mail notice, you will be charged for looking at the documents;
- 3. This service does not allow you to electronically file your documents;
- 4. It will be your duty to regularly review the docket sheet of the case.³

¹ Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) (www.pacer.uscourts.gov) is an electronic public access service that allows users to obtain case and docket information from federal appellate, district, and bankruptcy courts, and the PACER Case Locator over the internet.

 $^{^2}$ You must review the Court's actual order, decree, or judgment and not rely on the description in the email notice alone. See ECF Rule 4.3

³ The docket sheet is the official record of all filings in a case. You can view the docket sheet, including images of electronically filed documents, using PACER or you can use one of the public access computers available in the Clerk's Office at the Court.

CONSENT TO ELECTRONIC SERVICE

I hereby consent to receive electronic service of notices and documents in my case(s) listed below. I affirm that:

- 1. I have regular access to my e-mail account and to the internet and will check regularly for Notices of Electronic Filing;
- 2. I have established a PACER account;
- 3. I understand that electronic service is service under Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Rule 5.2 of the Local Civil Rules, and that I will no longer receive paper copies of case filings, including motions, decisions, orders, and other documents;
- 4. I will promptly notify the Court if there is any change in my personal data, such as name, address, or e-mail address, or if I wish to cancel this consent to electronic service;
- 5. I understand that I must regularly review the docket sheet of my case so that I do not miss a filing; and
- 6. I understand that this consent applies only to the cases listed below and that if I file additional cases in which I would like to receive electronic service of notices of documents, I must file consent forms for those cases.

Civil case(s) filed in the Southern District of New York:

Note: This consent will apply to all cases that you have filed in this court, so please list all of your pending and terminated cases. For each case, include the case name and docket number (for example, John Doe v. New City, 10-CV-01234).			
Name (Last, First, I	MI)		
Address	City	State	Zip Code
Telephone Number	r	E-mail Address	
Date		Signature	

Return completed form to:

Pro Se Intake Unit (Room 200) 500 Pearl Street New York, NY 10007